

Growing a place of opportunity and ambition

Date of issue: Tuesday 27 February 2024

MEETING AGREED SYLLABUS CONFERENCE

Committee 1 – Christian Denominations and Other

Faiths

Sue Elbrow and Ashpreet Singh Nainu

Committee 2 – Church of England

Christine Isles

Committee 3 - Teachers (Representing Primary,

Secondary & Special Schools)

Primary

Andrew Ramsey

Committee 4 – Representatives of the Local Authority

Councillor Mohindra

DATE AND TIME: WEDNESDAY, 6TH MARCH, 2024 AT 5.30 PM (OR

UPON THE RISING OF THE SACRE MEETING)

VENUE: AL MADANI INDEPENDENT GRAMMAR,1 WHITTLE

PARK WAY, SL1 6FE

DEMOCRATIC SERVICES

OFFICER:

NADIA WILLIAMS

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NOTICE OF MEETING

You are requested to attend the above Meeting at the time and date indicated to deal with the business set out in the following agenda.

STEPHEN BROWN

Chief Executive



AGENDA

PART 1

| ITEM | REPORT TITLE | PAGE |
|--------|--|--------|
| IIEIVI | | |
| 1. | Appointment of Chair | |
| 2. | Apologies for Absence | |
| 3. | Minutes of the Last Meeting held on 27 June 2018 | 1 - 2 |
| 4. | Syllabus Proposals for Comments | 3 - 10 |
| 5. | Date of Next meeting: To be confirmed | |
| | | |

DEDART TITLE

Press and Public

Attendance and accessibility: You are welcome to attend this meeting, which is open to the press and public, as an observer. You will however be asked to leave before any items in the Part II agenda are considered.

The law allows members of the public to take photographs, film, audio-record or tweet the proceedings at public meetings. Anyone proposing to do so is requested to advise the Democratic Services Officer before the start of the meeting. Filming or recording must be overt and persons filming should not move around the meeting room whilst filming nor should they obstruct proceedings or the public from viewing the meeting. The use of flash photography, additional lighting or any non-hand held devices, including tripods, will not be allowed unless this has been discussed with the Democratic Services Officer.



Agreed Syllabus Conference – Meeting held on Wednesday, 27th June, 2018.

Present:-

Committee 1 – Christian Denominations and Other Faiths

Ashpreet Singh Nainu (Chair for this meeting), Waqar Bhatti and Sue Elbrow

Committee 2 - Church of England

Rev Andrew Allen

Committee 3 – Representatives of Teacher Associations

Lynda Bussley and Linda Lewis

Committee 4 – Representatives of the Local Authority

Councillors Bains, Bedi, Brooker and Smith

Apologies for Absence:- Julie Siddiqi, Hardip Singh Sohal, Zubayr Abbas-Bowkan,

Andrea Sparrow and Christine Isles

CHAIR OF THE MEETING

The Agreed Syllabus Conference appointed Ashpreet Singh Nainu as chair for this meeting.

9. Minutes of the last Meeting held on 7th March 2018

Resolved – That the minutes of the meeting held on 7 March 2018 be approved as a correct record.

10. Approval of the Pan-Berkshire Religious Education Agreed Syllabus 2018-2023

The Agreed Syllabus Conference welcomed the revised Pan-Berkshire Agreed Syllabus for Religious Education (RE) 2018-2023 document, and commended the update that had been provided at the SACRE meeting prior to this meeting. The final version of the document which included the Chair's foreword was circulated at the meeting.

In the discussion that followed, the Conference highlighted the requirement for wider range of religions and belief systems to be taught as statutory requirements, including Islam in the Primary Phase and specifying the study of non-religious view, probably Humanism in Key Stage 3.

A query was raised about the presumption that Humanism would be the area of study for non-religious worldview in Key Stage 3. It was acknowledged however, that this would not necessarily be the case, as there was more flexibility in this area and that schools would be free to include additional religions and belief systems as relevant to their community.

Agreed Syllabus Conference - 27.06.18

The Chair proposed that the revised Agreed Syllabus be put to a vote. The Conference Members agreed to approve the syllabus and to recommend to Cabinet that the revised syllabus be formally approved for introduction into Slough's schools from 1 September 2018.

Sue Elbrow abstained from voting due to concern about the presumption that Humanism would be the area of study for non-religious worldview in Key Stage 3, rather than alternative secular view.

The new Syllabus will be formally launched on 12 July 2018 at a joint training day with RE staff from the Borough of Slough.

Resolved:

- a) That the revised Pan-Berkshire Religious Education Agreed Syllabus 2018-2023 be approved
- b) That Cabinet be requested to resolve that the revised Pan-Berkshire Religious Education Agreed Syllabus 2018-2023 be approved and adopted as the Agreed Syllabus for use in Slough Community and Foundation schools for a period of five years from 1 September 2018.

Chair

(Note: The Meeting opened at 5.55 pm and closed at 6.05 pm)

| Key | Worldview | Question/Theme | Content in bold is intended to be CORE. The remainder is | Comments |
|-------|--------------------|---|--|---------------------------|
| stage | | Th = Theology | suggested content. NB this will probably need expanding | |
| | | Ph = Philosophy | with more detail as we go on. | |
| | | HSS = Human and social science | | |
| EYFS | Christianity | Who is Jesus? | Stories of Jesus – Nativity, Easter, incarnation | Great starting from |
| 4s-5s | | What is the church? | Exploration of church life – worship and prayer | the beginning. |
| | | What do Christians celebrate? | Range of festivals – Christmas, Easter, Pentecost, Harvest | Clear foundation of |
| | | What do we learn from Christian stories? | Parables | knowledge. |
| | Worldviews – | Why are some people special? | Stories of Abraham and Sarah, Moses, Muhammad and | Nice link to role |
| | religious and non- | | Khadijah, Guru Nanak, Bahá'u'lláh, Buddha, and | models, shared |
| | religious | | contemporary examples | experience. |
| | | Why are some places special? | Mandir, Mosque, Gurdwara, Temple, Vihara, Synagogue, | |
| | | | and secular spaces | |
| | | Why are some times special? | Holi, Diwali, Eid, Ramadhan, Vaisakhi, Wesak, and some | |
| | | | secular festivals | |
| | | What can we learn from stories? | Planet earth and the environment | |
| | | | Add stories in due course | |
| KS1 | Generic | What is (organised?) religion? | Establish the idea of Abrahamic and Dharmic religions. | |
| 5s-7s | introductory unit | (Ph) | Explore some of the common features of religions building | |
| | (1 or 2 lessons) | What do Christians halians about | on the topics covered at EYFS – place, celebration, ritual. | Calidificantles |
| | Christianity – in | What do Christians believe about God and where do these ideas | God as Creator and the beauty of Creation, and the early | Solidifies the |
| | every year group | come from? (Th) | revelation of God to Abraham , Isaac, Jacob, and Moses . The Bible and its format (simple) | importance of the stories |
| | | What is the story of Jesus? (Th) | The life of Jesus (simple) | Links the Theology |
| | | What did Jesus teach his followers | The parables of Jesus – particularly the Lost sheep, coin | and belief together |
| | | and how did he teach? (Th) | and son, Good Samaritan | and benef together |
| | | How and where do Christians | Christian worship at home and in the church , looking for | |
| | | worship? (HSS) | some of the symbols in church that link to Christian | |
| | | , , , | teaching, particularly the life of Jesus. | |
| | | How do Christians show that they | Baptism and confirmation, | |
| | | belong to the church? (HSS) | | |
| | | | Different ways of praying and the Lord's Prayer, | |

| | | What do Christians believe about prayer? (Th, Ph) | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Judaism | How do Jewish people (Jews) understand God? (Th) Who is important in Judaism? (Th) What is the synagogue? (HSS) What do Jewish people celebrate and why? (HSS) | God, Shema Abraham, Jacob, Joseph, Moses, current leaders in Judaism e.g., rabbis Role of the rabbi in the synagogue and role of the synagogues in the community. Passover, Shabbat, Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, Bar and Bat Mitzvah, | Keeping a pattern helps students see the similarities in faiths |
| | Hindu Dharma | How do Hindus understand God? (Th) What is the Mandir and why is it important? (HSS) How do Hindus worship and celebrate and why? (HSS) | Brahman and the Trimurti, Rama and Sita, Ganesha, Hanuman, Gurus and Rishis. Symbolism The role of the mandir in Hindu life, worship in the mandir and worship at home. Divali, Holi, Navaratri | Happy to add in the information, if this is a format that will work |
| | Non-religious worldview | What do Humanists/other non-religious people believe? | All humans are equal because all are made the same way. Being kind to others make us and the others happy. Using common sense and kindness are the most important values. The natural world that we see around us, and which humans are a part of is important. Happy Human symbol Golden Rule – 'Do to others as you would have them do to you' | |
| LKS2 7s-9s | Generic introductory unit (1 or 2 lessons) | What is religion and what do religions have in common? (Th, PH) | Revise much of what taught in KS1 and extend to a wider range of practices. Begin to explore ideas about God and the similarities and differences between a range of beliefs. As far as possible keep to the religions introduced and those the pupils will meet this year. | We will need teachers to write this unit |
| | Christianity | Who do Christians believe Jesus is? (Th) How did Jesus teach his followers to show friendship? (Th, HSS) | Trinity, Son of God , Messiah, Saviour, Nativity, Prophecies teaching of Jesus and his miracles . The role of sin and forgiveness . Range of bible stories – Zacchaeus, the Disciples, Forgiveness, Good Samaritan, Peter, | Nice to see the scholarship. Would be good to ensure that we have the |

| | | What are the key messages of Easter? (TH, HSS, PH) What difference does Pentecost make? (TH, PH) Where do ideas about right and wrong come from for Christians? (TH, PH, HSS) How and why do Christians try to make a difference in the world? (TH, HSS) | Easter and Holy week, communion, death and resurrection, God's rescue plan and the role of confession and restitution. Acts chp 1- 2 and Holy Spirit, (Trinity) Change and proclamation, Gospel Parables of the Kingdom of Heaven in the book of Mark (chapters 4 and 13) The 10 commandments and other expressions of the rule of law – particularly in the teachings of Jesus. (Golden Rule) Modern Christian life and the work of the church in social justice (e.g. foodbanks, debt assistance and overseas aid charities) (local and global) | same standard across the other faiths too |
|----------------|--|---|--|--|
| | Islam | How do Muslims understand God? (Th) Who is Muhammad and why is he important to Muslims? (Th) What is the Qur'an and why is it important? (Th, HSS) | Tawhid, Allah, 99 names, Shahada Muhammad as the seal of the prophets, the night of power and the role of the angel Jibreel. Qur'an, Wudu, etc | |
| | Sikhi | How do Sikhs understand God? (Th) What is the gurdwara and how is it used? (HSS) How does someone demonstrate that they are a Sikh? (HSS) | Mool Mantra, Waheguru, Nam Japna, Guru Nanak and the other Gurus, including the Guru Granth Sahib Ji. Look at a range of Sikh stories and what they teach. The role of the gurdwara, especially Langar, Guru Granth Sahib Ji and worship. Khalsa, Vaisakhi, 5 K's, Sewa, Vaand chakkna, Kirat Karna. | |
| | Non-religious worldview | How do Humanists live good lives? | Golden Rule, 'Think for yourself, act for everyone'. environment, human progression, and flourishing Stories – look at Humanism for schools | |
| UKS2 9s-11s | Generic introductory unit (1 or 2 lessons) | What is religion and non-religion? (Th, Ph) | Introduction to the vocabulary of religious, non-religious, faith, secular, atheist, and agnostic. Explore some of the features of religion that may be found in non-religious organisations — such as foodbanks and charities. | |

| Christianity | Why is the Bible important in Christian worship both in church and at home? (Th, HSS) | The story of the Bible as a what ranslations. The way Christia in church, especially in worsh songs and hymns. Also, in preactive architecture — e.g., stained glass. | Same as above, good to have the same level of depth in the other lessons. | |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | How is the Bible interpreted by different Christians? (Th, Ph) | Different readings of parables teachings. The relationship be Testaments and the role of printerpretation of the Nativity | | |
| | How does the Bible teach Christians to be wise? (Th, Ph) What are the big questions of life and death and how do Christians try to answer them? (Th, Ph) | The wisdom literature - Psalm The big questions of life and codeath, heaven and funeral pr | | |
| | How and why do Christians show commitment to God? (Th, HSS, Ph) | Church attendance, prayer , Bible study , good works, social justice, baptism, confirmation, etc. | | |
| | How do Christian beliefs influence the way people respond to local and global issues such as the environment? (Th, HSS, Ph) | Care for creation, God as creamany Christians to espouse the other ways that Christians resocial justice. Maybe explore relevance. | | |
| Judaism and/or Islam | What do believers learn about God and human life from their sacred text? (Th) | Islam Core theological ideas from the Qur'an: Tawhid, Ummah, human life and flourishing. | Judaism Core theological ideas from the Torah: God, Shema, and covenant. Value of life | Less information greater depth? These questions could be combined to create one in-depth |
| | How do different believers practise their faith in worship, at home and in the community? (TH, HSS) | Use of the Qur'an in worship in the mosque , 5 Pillars , daily and Friday prayers , Role of the imam | Role of the synagogue in the Jewish community and the place of family , laws of kashrut , shabbat and other festivals . Role of the cantor . | unit. |

| | How do the sacred texts and other beliefs influence the way people respond to local and global issues of social justice? (Th, Ph, HSS) | etc. Hajj, Eid; Rites of passage as appropriate Muslim responses the for creation, Red Crand other Muslim ceco/green Mosque Cambridge | o care escent | appropria Hashanah Purim Tu BiShva in Jewish | assage as ate. Rosh n, Yom Kippur, at – place of trees teaching, Mitzvah ish charities, etc | |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| Hindu Dharma and/or Sikhi/ or Buddhism | What do believers learn about God and or human life from their sacred texts and stories? (Th) How do different believers practise their faith in worship, home, and | Hindu Dharma Smriti and Shruti. Explore some of the key stories and what is learned from them – e.g. Krishna and Arjuna, Rama and Sita, Prahlad and Holika etc. Explore range of Hindu practice in | Sikhi Guru Gra Sahib, M Mantra. I of hymns prayers f other reli traditions equality. of Guru M Explore h GGSJ is tr | nclusion and rom gious a, and Stories Nanak | Buddhist Life of Siddhartha Gotama (The Buddha), Three Marks of Existence, Four Noble Truths, Noble Eightfold Path, Five Precepts, stories including Kisa and the Mustard Seed, the Donkey in the Well, Three Jewels Monasteries, diversity, | These questions could be combined to create one in-depth unit. |
| | community? (Th, HSS) | Mandir and at home, Ganesha as remover of obstacles, role of prayer and | the Gurd Langar, K Rites of p Amrit, Go Temple | halsa, bassage, | artefacts (used by some), meditation, chanting, | |

| | | How do the sacred texts and other beliefs influence the way people respond to local and global issues of social justice? (Th, Ph, HSS) | meditation. Rites of passage, Pilgrimage Karma, vegetarianism etc. | Sikh charity work, sewa, langar, Khalsa Aid, etc. | Serving the community | |
|----------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Humanism | How and why do Humanists try to live good lives? | choices. Explore so | Golden Rule and its in me scenarios. Creatin son happy, celebratin d for the future. | ng happiness for | |
| KS3 11s-14s | Generic introductory unit (1 or 2 lessons) | What is meant by secular, atheist, and agnostic? | Definitions of Secul recognition that hu those, There are different humanism is one. Explore a range of pideas, how they have | | | |
| | Christianity (select questions for a 2-year KS3) See P&E for further questions | How and why did Christianity become a global religion? (Th, HSS) Does following the teachings of the Christian church affect a person's lifestyle? (Th, HSS, Ph) | evangelism, and the preaching and teach of the Good Samar Samaritans and out liberation theology Christianity as a glocal Explore issues of Cl | and the birth of the content of the | te the role of s 10, and the story stories about in tradition, e.g. kamples. In g tradition. In g tradition. | |
| | | What do Christians believe about the Jesus as Messiah and why are | | OT prophecies, Differ dgement, heaven an nt interpretations, | | |

| | there so many different interpretations? (Th, Ph) Can you be a scientist and Christian, and if so, how? (Ph, Th) | The perceived conflict between science and religion, particularly the question around creation, but also the reliability of the Biblical text with reference to sickness and miracles. Darwin et al | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Buddhism | How does following the teachings of the Buddha impact on different Buddhists? (Th, Ph, HSS) | Explore lifestyle issues, e.g., employment choices, values, human relationships, marriage and cohabitation, gender identity. Refer to the Five Precepts and Noble Eightfold Path, Three Poisons | |
| | How and why did Buddhism become a global religion? (HSS) | Diversity within tradition, Theravada, Mahayana, Pure Land, Zen etc Bodhisattvas, Arhats, Dalai Lama | |
| Humanism | How do Humanist beliefs impact on the way the people live? (Th, HSS) Which people have most | Explore lifestyle issues, e.g., employment choices, values, human relationships, marriage and cohabitation, gender identity. Historical view, beginnings of modern humanist thought, | |
| Islam | influenced Humanists and how? How and why did Islam become a global religion? (Th, HSS) | Hume etc. Spread of Islam, Islamic Scholarship, diversity within Islam, Schools of thought, Medieval 'Crusades', | |
| | How does following Islamic teaching impact on different Muslims? | Explore lifestyle issues, e.g., employment choices, values, human relationships, marriage and cohabitation, gender identity. Qur'an and Hadith, Sharia, Jihad (lesser and greater) | |
| Ethical and Philosophical (Must include Christianity, but | How do people make sense of suffering? (Ph) Do 'Good' and 'Evil' really exist? (Ph) | Problem of suffering Definitions of good and evil | |
| can bring in a range of religiou tradition too including Baha'l, | Is there a God and does it matter? (Th, Ph) | Existence of God Justice and fairness | |

| Zoroastrian, | What do we mean be a just and fair | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Rastafari etc.) | world and who decides? Th, Ph, | |
| | HSS) | |